

# Probabilistic Analysis of Fatigue Life of Two-dimensional Cracked Body by Second-Order Third-Moment Method

\* . \*\*

Kim, Ki-Seok · Lee, Hae Sung

## 1.

가

[1].

Paris

가 1960

(First-Order Reliability Method)

가

Hong

[2]

(Second-Order Third-Moment Method)

(Dual

Boundary Element Method) [3]

Paris-Erdogan

## 2.

(Linear Elastic Fracture Mechanics)

가

( )

[4].

$$l_0 = \frac{1}{\pi} \left( \frac{\Delta K_{th}}{Y_{g0} \Delta \sigma_e} \right)^2 \quad (1)$$

,  $K_{th}$

(threshold)

,  $\sigma_e$

(fatigue limit)

.  $Y_{g0}$

가

---

\*

\*\*

E-mail: kskim93@snu.ac.kr –

E-mail: chslee@plaza.snu.ac.kr

Paris-Erdogan

$$N_{\Gamma} = N_{\text{micro}} + N_{\text{macro}} = \frac{l_0}{C(Y_{g0}\sigma\sqrt{\pi a_0})^m} + \int_{l_0}^{a_{cr}} \frac{1}{CK^m(a)} da \quad (2)$$

,  $C$   $m$

,  $a_{cr}$

Paris-Erdogan

$\Delta N$

$$N_{\text{macro}} = \sum_{p=1}^n \Delta \hat{N}_p = \sum_{p=1}^n \int_{a_{p-1}}^{a_p} \frac{1}{CK^m} da \quad (3)$$

Paris-Erdogan

(3)

( $\Delta a_p$ )

### 3.

$C$  가

Paris

(3)

( $p-1$ )

$C$

가

$$a_p = y(\mathbf{x}) = y(a_{p-1}, C) \quad (4)$$

2

$k$

$\mathbf{x}$

$$\bar{y} = y(\bar{\mathbf{x}}) + \frac{1}{2} y_{ij} C_{ij} \quad (5)$$

$$\mu_Y^{(k)} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (y - \bar{y})^k f_Y(y) dy = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (y(\mathbf{x}) - \bar{y})^k f_{\mathbf{X}}(\mathbf{x}) d\mathbf{x} \quad (6)$$

,  $y_{ij}$   $C_{ij}$

2

2

,  $f_{\mathbf{X}}$   $\mathbf{x}$

(5) (6)

( $p-1$ )

( $p$ )

(Method of Moment Estimation)

Weibull

가

$a_{cr}$

$a$

$$g(\mathbf{x}) = g(a_0, C, a_{cr}) = a_{cr} - a(a_0, C) \quad (7)$$

(7)

0

$$P_f = \int_{g<0} f_{\mathbf{x}}(\mathbf{x})d\mathbf{x} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} F_{cr}(a)f_a(a)da \quad (6)$$

$$P_f = \int_{a_{cr}}^{\infty} F_{cr}(a)f_a(a)da \quad (2)$$

4.

1 (σ = 16.5 kN/cm<sup>2</sup>)  
 0.0336cm 가 5% . 0.0336cm 0.2cm  
 Y<sub>g</sub> 0.3% (Y<sub>g</sub>=1.12) 가 Paris-Erdogan  
 0.2cm 가 40  
 20 82  
 220  
 Monte-Carlo Simulation (MCS)  
 MCS 10,000 Latin Hypercube Sampling MCS  
 K-S 가 2 MCS  
 가 30% 18 MCS  
 0.1, 1.4, 14.8 %  
 3  
 , 0.01%  
 3% C, K<sub>th</sub>, σ<sub>e</sub> 3%, 5%, 10%  
 가 4  
 가 5% 가 가

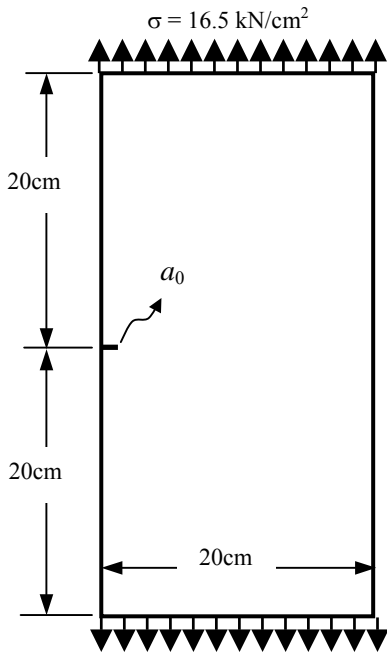
5.

가  
 가 30%

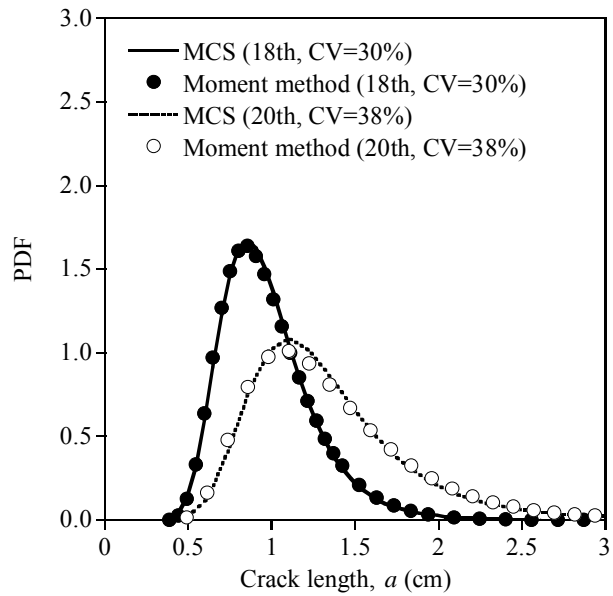
1. Liao M., Shun Q., Yang Q., 1996, "Large sample size experimental investigation on the statistical nature of fatigue crack

initiation and growth", International Journal of Fatigue 18, pp. 87-94.

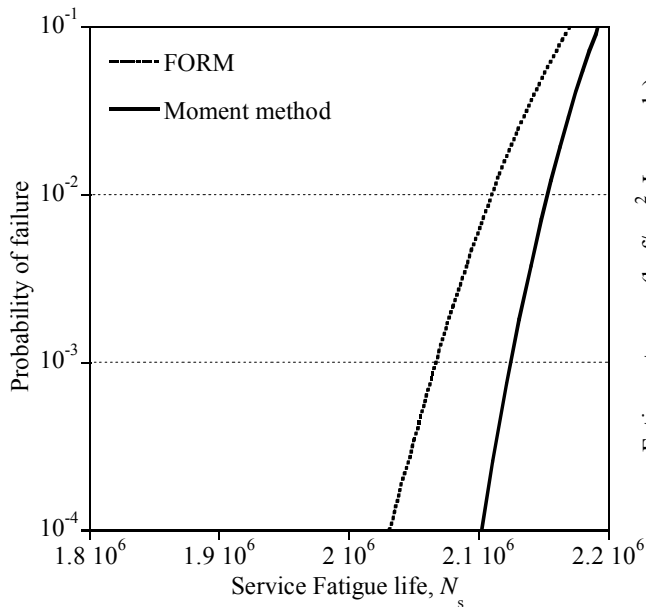
2. Hong Y. J., Xing J., Wang J. B., 1999, "A Second-order Third-moment Method for Calculating the Reliability of Fatigue", Int. J. Pressure Vessels Piping 76, pp.567-570.
3. Portela A., Aliabadi M. H., Rooke D. P., 1993, "Dual Boundary Element Incremental Analysis of Crack Propagation", Comput. Struct. 46, pp.237-247.
4. Hudak S.J., "Small crack behavior and the prediction of fatigue life", ASME Journal of Engineering Materials and Technology Vol 103, pp. 26-35, 1981



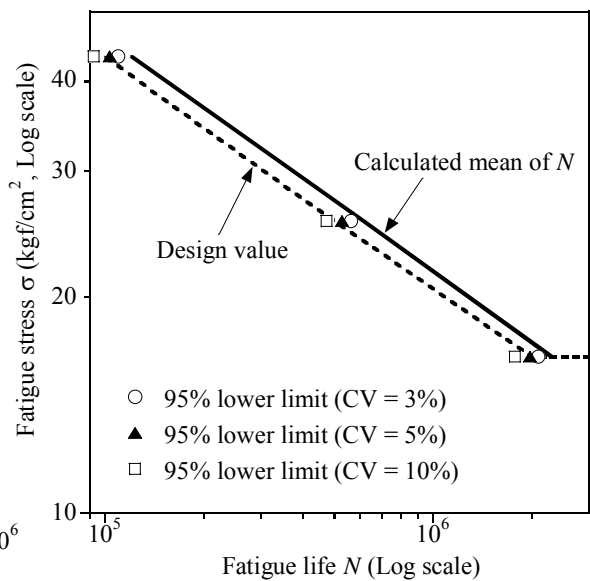
1.



2.



3.



4.